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A Lexico-Cognitive Study of the Forms of Intensification in Arabic Within the Framework of Gradeability by Force

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Abstract: The present paper deals with gradeability by force in reference to intensification. Gradeability represents a different semantic relationship in which the graduated entity can raise the volume of attitude up/down or in-between. The study aims to unearth how the linguistic phenomenon of gradeability works in Arabic. There is a detailed description of the grammatical, morphological, and lexical features of intensification. The study tackles the linguistic phenomenon of intensification at the classical level demonstrating the writer-reader relationship. In Conclusion, getting familiar with the forms of gradeability enables the speaker to have different attitudinal positions instead of the state of dichotomy.

Keywords: attitudinal positioning, emphasizers, force, gradeability, grammar, intensification, morphology, particles

INTRODUCTION

Gradeability by force falls into two categories: intensification, and quantification. The present paper focusses on the linguistic phenomenon of intensification. By and large, early Arab grammarians don't theorize about gradeability. However, some of the linguistic gradable forms have been dealt with under the headings of 'At-Tawkīd i.e., emphasizers or intensifiers, and Al-'Awāmil i.e., the particles. Under lexis, it happens that some exegetes of the All-Glorious Qur'an have tackled some forms of gradeability sporadically. Gradeability represents a different semantic relationship in which the graduated entity can raise the volume of attitude up/down or in-between. Semantic relations are not only a matter of antonymy or synonymy, but they do have a ranking dimension. ⁱ The study aims to unearth how the linguistic phenomenon of gradeability works in Arabic. The sections below provide definitions of the terms of the study and a useful overview of the phenomenon of intensification. Also, there is a detailed description of the grammatical,

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morphological, and lexical features of intensification. The study tackles the linguistic phenomenon of intensification at the classical level demonstrating the writer-reader relationship. In Conclusion, getting familiar with the forms of gradeability enables the speaker to have different attitudinal positions instead of the state of dichotomy.

Objectives of the study

Theorizing about the phenomenon of gradeability helps in addressing the following points:

- Expanding the network of semantic relationships. Arabic abounds with many linguistic phenomena such as synonyms, antonyms and gradeability. However, the phenomenon of gradeability does not receive adequate attention. Therefore, the study aims at laying the foundation for the theory of intensification. It aims to reveal the grammatical, morphological, and lexical features of intensification.
- Improving the learner's linguistic competence. Gradeability is a language skill for enhancing linguistic competence and fluency.
- Enabling translators and interpreters to master their profession.
- Creating an elastic mindset instead of the case of dichotomy and polarization. Under synonyms and antonyms, there is only one option that you are either with us or against us. However, gradeability enables the speaker to have more options.
- Under gradeability, language entertains the feature of continuity that every lexeme leads into another and so on. In addition, a lexeme can be a scale within itself or in relation to other lexemes. A demonstrative example is number 'one' which can occupy different ends of the scale of gradeability. It can occupy the lower end when compared to number two. Also, it can occupy the higher end being graduated in relation to zero. However, graduating one loaf in terms of fraction occupies the higher end in relation to the fractions: half, third, fourth, and eighth. Each of the ends of the scale can be higher or lower regarding the adjacent scales. Most importantly, lexical domains create a continuous circle where each domain occupies a certain end in the scale of gradeability.

METHODOLOGY

The study makes use of Martin and White's reference (2005). The paper delves into the grammatical, lexical, and morphological features of intensification in a way that helps in developing a full model. To do so, the cognitive domain is used in the process of analysis. Domain analysis as a mental process helps in revealing the gradual relationship between lexical items. It also helps in revealing the gradual relationship between different domains. The scale of gradeability consists of more than one end. It may be up to four ends of the scale. It should be noted that if there is not a linguistic form for any end, this end of the scale is left blank intentionally.

Force: Definition

Conventionally, force is a means of gradeability by which the speaker/writer can express different degrees of his/her attitude. It has the function of turning the volume up or down according to Martin and White (2005). Under force, it is possible for the speaker/writer to express different

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degrees of meanings. Therefore, the speaker can use such forms for grading one's judgment, affection, and appreciation.

Force: Types

According to Martin and White (2005), gradeability by force falls into two main types: (a) intensification, and (b) quantification. The two types can be realized lexically, morphologically, and grammatically. They can take either infused or isolated forms. Infusion means expressing the graduated entity in a capsulated form. Isolation means expressing the graduated entity in two or more individual terms. The lines below show the lexical, morphological, and grammatical forms of intensification, respectively.

Intensification

Intensification means making something stronger or more extreme through grammatical, lexical, or morphological forms. It can take either an isolated or infused form. On the one hand, isolation means performing the function of up/down scaling by an individual grammatical, lexical, or morphological form, in this context. Therefore, isolation is a mode of intensification for raising the volume up or down. Infusion means that the grammatical, lexical, or morphological item itself carries the feature of intensity. The two modes of intensity can be realized grammatically, morphologically, and lexically.

Intensification: Grammatical Forms

Intensification can be realized via grammatical forms. The following sections focuses on the grammatical forms and the way they function in the system of gradeability.

Relative Pronouns and Negation

Using relative pronouns can be a means of raising the volume of omnipotence. On the other hand, negation can be used for raising the volume of omnipotence as in the table below. For instance, graduating God's power using 'a relative pronoun conveys that God has the highest degree of Omnipotence. On the contrary, using negation for graduating the power of the other deities indicates that they have a zero end in the scale of power.

Table (1): Graduating Omnipotence Using Negation and Relative Pronouns.

High/Low End Infused	High/Low End Infused	High/Low	y End	High/Low	End
Forms	Forms in English	Separate	Forms in	Separate	Forms in
In Arabic		Arabic		English	
L	Whatever/everything/anything		كل شيء	All things	
>	Nothing		لا شيء	No anything	thing/not

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The table above shows that the high end of omnipotence can be realized by the relative pronoun as in the verse that reads:

"Your Lord creates whatever He decides, and He chooses. In no way do they have the choice. All Extolment be to Allah, and Supremely Exalted be He above whatever they associate (with Him). (Ghālī, 28:68).

The underlined relative pronoun in Arabic ' $m\bar{a}$ ', followed by the relative clause, conveys the highest degree of omnipotence. The meaning is that God is All-Powerful to anything whatever it is. The relative pronoun ' $m\bar{a}$ ' has a generic function that is descriptive of an entire group. It occupies the highest end of the scale of power that God creates everything in the universe from A to Z. The lower end can be realized by negation as in the verse that reads:

And the ones they invoke apart from Allah do not create a thing and they themselves are created. (Ghālī, 16:20).

A Cognate Object: An Absolute truth/Reality

A cognate object is an object which is derived from the verb that precedes it. It can be used for scaling both intensification and quantification. Up or down-scaling verbal processes can be realized by the cognate object. Allah (Glory be to Him) says,

And messengers We have already narrated to you (about) even before and messengers We have not narrated to you (about): and to Mūsā Allah spoke long, (eloquent) speech. (Ghālī, 4:164).

The early Arab grammarians label such forms ''al-maf'ūl al-mutlaq' (the cognate object) which has the function of intensification. Commenting on the functions of the cognate object, 'Abd El-Hameed (1980, p. 172) states that ''al-maf'ūl al-mutlaq' can have the function of emphasizing the preceding verb and elaborating its kind or number. These functions convey a specific degree of the attitudinal positioning of the speaker. On using the cognate object, the speaker graduates the action at hand as in 'wathaba wathbatan' (He jumps a jump). Here, the action of jumping is put into a scale of gradeability giving it the high end of the scale of jumping. Indeed, the cognate object has the function of emphasis defying any doubts. It places stress upon the act of speaking that there is no room for doubting the speaker's stance. It is equal to the adverb 'surely' or 'certainly'.

Some Grammatical Particles

In the table below, there is a list of the particles which are used for raising the scale of gradeability up and down. The speaker makes use of the particles below to express his/her attitude towards a specific issue.

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Table (2): Intensification & the Grammatical Particles.

Arabic		& the Grammatical Partic Function	Meaning
Forms	Forms		 8
	Surely Certainly Without Doubt Very	form of emphasis. The two particles can be a means of scaling with reference to focus and force. With reference to focus, they mean 'verily' and 'truly'. With reference to force, they are a means of the scale	
	If	Down-scaling	It means 'if it happens God forbid/Heaven forbid May it not happen
<u>></u> /مثل/كأن	Like	different ends of the scale:	These particles are used for the realization of simile. They can indicate different ends of the scale.
ن بدا	Never	Up-scaling	It is a marker of the future that indicates permanent negation. Decisiveness versus dubitancy. It is analogous to 'in no case'.
		Maximization	It is a marker of negation in the past time. A noun that indicates a great number in the context of maximization. Maximization can be realized via grammatical particles such as the particles in this table and morphological forms such as the maximization forms in the sections below.

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	How much? How many?	Maximization	Morphologically, it is a noun which consists of the letter 'kaf', 'ay' and tanwīn (nunation: the addition of one of three diacritics (harakāt). These diacritics indicate the suffixes: -un in the nominative case, -in in the genitive case, and -an in the accusative case. It has the function of maximization.
نعم	How good	Up-scaling	A non-finite verb forming a style of applause. It conveys a positive assessment and occupies the high end of the scale of applause.
حبذا	How excellent How lovely	Up-scaling	One of the forms of applause above. It indicates a positive assessment.
نَّ (nūn 'At- Tawkīd) (Arabic marks gemination with a diacritic (<u>haraka</u>) shaped like a	A verb case ending	Up-scaling	It conveys emphasis. It is analogous to 'surely'.
بئس	What a bad	Down-scaling	A non-finite verb which conveys negative assessment.
رب	Perhaps Probably Possibly maybe	Down-scaling	A prepositional phrase in Arabic which indicates low possibility. Therefore, it reflects the low end of the scale.
بئس	What a bad	Down-scaling	It is a form of vilification.

The table above reveals that the grammatical particles can be used for turning the volume of intensity either up or down or in-between. The particles can be grouped into three sections: (a) boosters that have the function of emphasis. They can be realized by "أن", "أن"

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"نّ", "مثل". These could be transliterated into 'inna, 'anna/, al-kāf, lan, lam, mithl, nūn 'at-tawkīd, respectively. (b) Maximizers and downtowners. They indicate maximization and downtoning. They can be realized by "كأين" and "كأين". They could be transliterated into 'kam' and 'ka'ayyin'. (c) Recommendation particles such as "حبذا" which could be transliterated into 'habbatha' and 'ni'ma'.

Comparative and Superlative Adjectives

Scaling with respect to intensity is realized via the comparative and the superlative adjectives. Scalable forms enable the speaker/writer to put a given entity into a scale of gradeability. The questions raised here are: is the graduated entity located at the upper-most end of the scale? Or is it located at the lower-most end of the scale? Or does it have an equal end of the scale? Indeed, superlative and comparative forms can be used for achieving the three ends of the scale above. The three ends of the scale can be realized by the forms in the table below.

Table (3): Graduating Courage via Comparative and Superlative Forms.

Tuble (5). Git	Table (3). Graduling Courage via Comparative and Superiative Forms.								
Scale	Arabic	Infused	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English Sepa	rate Forms	
	Forms		Forms		Forms				
High	الأشجع		The brave	est	شجاعة منــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	الأشد	The most cou	rageous	
Mid		ک/مثل	as/like		اعة/الجبن	مثله في الشجا	As brave/cow	ard as	
					ىثلە	شجاعاً/جبانا ه			
Low		الأجبن				الأشد جبنا	The most cov	vardly	

Cleft Structure Particles

In Arabic, cleft structure can be realized by more than one form. It can take the form of exception which is preceded by negation. Also, cleft can be realized via the form '*innama*' which could be equivalent to forms such as 'the thing that..., the person/people who ... and so on. These forms are means of gradeability by intensification. They can be used for achieving either the high or the low end of the scale of gradeability. Therefore, they have the function of intensifying the speaker's attitudinal positioning. The table below shows how cleft forms are used for graduation.

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Table (4): Graduating Poetic talent via Cleft Forms.

Scale	Arabic	Infused English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms	Forms		Forms	_	Forms	_
High End				الشاعر علي باعر إلا على	إنما	The pers	on who is
				ماعر إلا علي	لا ش	a poet is	Ali.
						It is Ali	who is a
						poet.	
						No one is	a poet but
						Ali.	
Mid End							
Low End				اعر ضعيف	إنما علي ش	Ali is me	rely a poet
					الإمكانيات.	with	limited
						abilities.	
				اعر ضعيف.	ما علي إلا ش	Ali is not	thing but a
						weak poe	et.

• Fronted Pronouns and Circumstantial Elements

Cleft structure can be realized by fronting any pronoun or circumstantial element. The two forms are a means of gradeability. In this case, the graduated entity occupies the highest end of the scale. Fronting pronouns occupies the high end of the scale as in the verse below:

إِيَّاكَ نَعْبُدُ وَإِيَّاكَ نَسْتَعِينُ. (5:1).

You only do we worship, and you only do we beseech for help. (Ghālī, 1:5).

It is worth mentioning that using a cleft structure achieves only the high end of the scale of gradeability. Accordingly, graduating the faith of the believers in Allah occupies the highest end of the scale of worship.

Table (5): Fronted Pronouns & Their Intensification Function.

Scale	Arabic Infused	English Infused	Arabic Separate	English Separate
	Forms	Forms	Forms	Forms
High	اك نعبد	إي	خصك وحدك بالعبادة	You alone we
			نت وحد <u>ك ن</u> عبد	worship
			غيرك ما عبدنا	-
				No other deities
				but You we have
				worshipped.

Fronted Circumstantial Elements

Fronted prepositional phrases have the function of graduating certainty giving the speaker's statement the highest end of the scale of certainty. For example, the believers' belief in the hereafter has been given the highest degree of certainty as in the verse that reads:

وَالَّذِينَ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِمَا أُنزِلَ إِلَيْكَ وَمَا أُنزِلَ مِن قَبْلِكَ وَبِالْآخِرَةِ هُمْ يُوقِنُونَ. (2:4).

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And who believe in what has been sent down to you, and what has been sent down even before you, and they constantly have certitude in the <u>Hereafter</u>. (Ghālī, 2:4).

Table (6): Intensification & the Circumstantial Elements.

Scale	Arabic Infused	English Infused	Arabic Separate	English Separate
	Forms	Forms	Forms	Forms
High			بِالْآخِرَةِ هُمْ يُوقِئُونَ	and in the hereafter they do believe.

Rhetoricians state that the fronted prepositional phrase places emphasis on the statement confirming it as in the table above. Fronting the prepositional phrase 'wa bil-'ākhiraty' (in the hereafter) asserts the statement of certainty the speaker does have.

Adverbials of Time and Frequency

Graduating time can be realized via adverbs of frequency as in the table below.

Table (7): Intensification & Adverbials of Time and Frequency.

Scale	Arabic	infused	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	_	Forms	
High		دائما	Always		(في كل الأوقات	At all tin	nes,
		غالبا	Often			مرات عديدة	Many tin	nes,
Mid		أحيانا	Sometimes	3	خرى	بين الفينة والأ.	Now and	then
							At times	
Low		نادرا	Rarely			قليل الحدوث	Not ofter	1
		قلما	Seldom					
Zero		أبدا	Never			مدى الدهر	Not ever	

• Intensifiers/Boosters

According to the Glossary of Linguistic terms, an intensifier heightens or lowers the intensity of the meaning of an item. In traditional English grammar, intensifiers are considered adverbs such as very and hardly to the point. In Arabic, intensifiers are of two kinds: lexical and abstract. Eid (2009, pp. 467-474) states that intensifiers are of two main kinds: (a) lexical intensifiers and (b) abstract intensifiers. Intensifiers help in realizing the high end of the scale of gradeability. Lexical intensifiers can be realized via the repetition of the same form which does have the same meaning as in 'دخل إلى المدرج طالب طالب) (A student, a student, entered the auditorium). The use of the nominal form 'a student' aims at asserting that it is a student who entered the auditorium. It dispels any other doubts. Some Arab grammarians differentiate between lexical intensifiers and repetition. It is repetition when the lexical form is repeated but does not have the same meaning as in the verse that reads:

كَلَّا إِذَا دُكَّتِ الْأَرْضُ دَكًّا دَكًّا. (89:21).

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Not at all, When the earth is <u>pounded (into powder)</u>, <u>pounding</u>, <u>pounding</u>. (Ghālī, 89:21). In the verse above, the first cognate objects 'dakkan' (a heavy) is not the same as the second cognate object 'dakkan'. Therefore, the meaning is a pound after a pound, so the first pound differs from the second pound.

Abstract Intensifiers

Intensification can be realized via abstract boosters/intensifiers. Abstract forms provide three ends of the scale of quantification as for number. The table below shows how abstract forms are used for intensification.

Table (8): Abstract Forms of Intensification.

Scale	Infused	Infused	Separate	Forms	inSeparate	Forms	in
	Forms in	Forms in	Arabic		English		
	Arabic	English					
High	کل	All			Each one		
	جميع	Entire			Every one		
	أجمع	Whole					
	جمعاء				At large		
	أنفسكم	Yourself					
	أنفسهم	Themselves					
Mid	کلا	Both			The two		
	كأتا				One and the	e other	
Low	نفس	Oneself					
	عين						
	ذات						

From the table above, abstract forms are used for producing different ends of the scale of intensification. Eid (2009, p. 467) states that "intensifiers are used for two rhetorical purposes: (a) boosting, and (b) dispelling any possibility". It refers to the dialogic relationship between the speaker and the reader. In accordance with intensification, the speaker aims at placing emphasis upon his own stance, denying any other idea.

Intensification: Morphological Forms

Intensification can be realized via morphological forms which can be either infused or separate forms. Infused forms include what follows:

Gemination

In English, gemination takes the form of doubling a consonant sound as in 'dinner, winner, and beginner'. As for Arabic, gemination takes the form of diacritics (مُحِنَّهُ) such as 'صِحَّهُ', and 'مَالِمُ '. These forms can be romanised into 'sadda' (fend off), 'hajju' (pilgrimage), and 'mu 'allimun' (teacher) respectively. The diacritic refers to the doubling of the consonant in these forms. The verbal process 'nazzala' can be graduated as in the table below.

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Table (9): Gemination is a Means of Intensification.

Scale	Infused	Infused	Separate	Forms	in	Separate	Forms	in
	Forms in	Forms in	Arabic			English		
	Arabic	English						
High	ُزُّل ا	3	ىلى فترة من	منجما وع	أنزل	Reveal/Sen	ding o	down
					الزمن	sporadicall	y and o	ver a
						long period	of time	;
Mid	زل	Reveal						
		Come down						
		Descend						
Low	نزل	Í		ملة واحدة	زل ج	Send down	in one b	oatch

The table above shows how the verbal process 'nazzala' is graduated in Arabic. Each form indicates a specific period. Gemination raises the scale of continuity conveying that the action takes place over a long period of time. The verbal process 'nazala' is used as a cover term for the process of revelation. Therefore, it occupies the mid end of the scale of continuity. The verbal process 'nazala' occupies the lowest end of the scale of continuity. It means sending down the Qur'an in one batch according to Ash-Sha'rawy (1991, pp. 8790-8791).

Maximization

The mode of 'al-Mubālaghah' (i.e., maximization) occupies the high end of the scale of intensification. It has the function of turning the volume up to the highest possible point, condition, or position according to the Free Dictionary. In Arabic, the forms of maximization are nominal forms which are derived from verbs referring to the meaning of gerund. They have the function of emphasizing and maximizing meaning. Al-Ḥamalāwy (p.121) states that the form of the present participle can be transformed into five well-known forms of maximization with a view to raising the intended act to the highest point or degree. Therefore, maximization forms reflect the high end of the scale of gradeability as in the table below.

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Table (10): Maximization Forms.

Forms	of	Meaning	Function
Maximiza	tion		
faʻʻāl	فعال	It has the function of intensifying the meaning. The form refers to a handicraft because it indicates repetition. Once these forms are used, they have the function of intensification such as 'Ar-Rahmān'.	high end of the scale.
mifʻāl	مفعال	It is a form that refers to a higher degree of repetition as if it is a machine such as miftāh and midhāk (i.e. someone who laughs a lot).	
faʻīl	فعيل	It is a form that refers to the repetition of the act as if it becomes a nature of the performer such as 'alīm. It means that somebody keeps reading in a way that the act of reading becomes an intrinsic quality of him.	high end of the scale.
faʻil	فاعل	It is a form that refers to the usual occurrence. For example, saying that somebody is 'hathir', it means that he does that a lot, but it is not firm.	
faʻūl	فعول	It refers to whoever used to do the action. For example, 'shakūr' means doing the act repeatedly. All these forms have the meaning of maximization; therefore, they have the end of the scale of gradeability. The above forms of maximization are the most notable forms but there are other forms.	high end of the scale.

According to traditional Arab grammarians, the forms above and many others are used for ''al-Mubālaghah' (i.e., maximization). However, the present paper develops an overview of the forms of maximization. These forms occupy a high end in the scale of gradeability. They construe up scaling as being at the highest possible intensity.

Diminutive Forms

The diminutive form can be used for conveying both intensification and quantification. For intensification, diminutive forms reflect the high end in the system of gradeability. For example, the diminutive forms are used for graduating dearness to convey the high end of the scale of love as in the table below.

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Table (11): Diminutive Forms and Intensification.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	InfusedAra	abic Separate	English Separate
	Forms	For	rms	Forms
نيتي	Daughterling		ابنتي العزيزة	My Loved daughter
				My Cherished daughter

The low end can be realized by ordinary lexical forms such as 'baghīd' (abominated).

Table (12): Diminutive Forms & High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
طيل	:			بطل عظيم	A great hero	

On the contrary, the diminutive form can be used for conveying the low end of the scale of poetic talent as in the table below.

Table (13): Diminutive Forms & Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms	_	Forms	_
شويعر	Balladmonger		لإمكانيات	شاعر ضعيف ا	Inferior poet	
					A poet of	mediocre
					quality	

Intensification: Lexical Forms

According to David Crystal (p. 280), lexis is "a term used in linguistics to refer to the vocabulary of a language and used adjectivally in a variety of technical phrases. A unit of vocabulary is generally referred to as a lexical item or lexeme". It refers to words which have lexical meaning, i.e., they have semantic content. Examples include lexical verbs (v. auxiliary verbs) and lexical noun phrases (v. non-lexical NPs). Under gradeability, lexical items can convey gradability either by isolated or infused forms.

Intensification can be realized lexically via a variety of forms such as nominal, verbal, gerund, or infinitive forms. All the forms can be either infused or isolated. The sections below provide a detailed graduation of the lexical forms in terms of the semantic fields or cognitive domains. The scale of graduation consists of four ends. If there is any expression for any of the four ends of the scale of gradeability, this end of scale is left blank. The following sections focus on the process of graduating the lexical forms of cognition, emotion, motion, and vigor.

Lexical Forms of Cognition

Lexical forms of cognitions include the nominal forms as well as the verbal ones. The early Arab grammarians tackle verbs of cognition under the heading "'af'ālul yaqīn" or "zanna wa 'akhawātuha'". These verbs fall into three groups with a view to graduating certainty. Group one includes 'alima (know), wajada (find) and ra'a (know for sure). The objective of the group is to convey high certainty. Group two includes zanna (think), hasiba (deem), and khāla (assume).

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These verbs convey vacillation. Group three includes 'za'ama' (allege). It indicates dubitancy occupying the low end of the scale of certainty. The verbs above convey different degrees of belief: certainty, vacillation, and dubitancy respectively. Therefore, the highest scale of intensity is realized by evidentials such as "see and know". On the contrary, the low scale is conveyed by the verbal process of assumption.

Table (14): Graduation of the Verbal Processes of Cognition.

Scale	Infused	Arabic	Infused	Separate	Separate
	Forms		English Forms	Arabic Forms	English Forms
High		علم	Knew	يقن وصدق	Understand as true
					Perceive to be,
		رجد	Found	درك بعد تجربة وتأمل	after experience or
					consideration
					Perceive with the
		رأى	Saw		eyes
Mid		ظن	Guessed	علم بغير يقين	Presume without
		حسب	surmised	_	sufficient
		خال	assumed	_	information
Low		زعم	Assumed		Assert without
					proof

Concentration

Table (15): Graduation of Concentration: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Table (13). Graduation of					1	
Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
يقظة	Alertness				Sixth sense	
و عي	Awareness		2	لحاسة السادسا	Complete at	tention
انتباه	Attention					
	Intuition				Close/carefu	\mathbf{l}
					observation	
					Undivided/c	omplete
ذكر					attention	_
					Constant ren	nembrance

In the Qur'an, the prophet (PBUH) is named 'thikran' "i.e., a constant remembrance" in the verse that reads:

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أَعَدَّ اللَّهُ لَهُمْ عَذَابًا شَدِيدًا فَٱتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ يَأُوْلِي ٱلأَلْبَابِ ٱلَّذِينَ آمَنُواْ قَدْ أَنزَلَ ٱللَّهُ إِلَيْكُمْ ذِكْرًا (10) رَّسُولًا يَتْلُواْ عَلَيْكُمْ آيَاتِ ٱللَّهِ مُبَيّنَاتٍ لِيُكُمْ خِكْرًا (10) رَّسُولًا يَدُخِلُهُ جَنَّاتٍ تَجْرِي مِن تَحْتِهَا ٱلأَنْهَالُ خَلَابِينَ المَنُواْ وَعَمِلُواْ ٱلصَّالِحَاتِ مِنَ ٱلظُّلُمَاتِ إِلَى ٱلنُّورِ وَمَن يُؤْمِن بِٱللَّهِ وَيَعْمَلُ صَالِحًا يُدْخِلُهُ جَنَّاتٍ تَجْرِي مِن تَحْتِهَا ٱلأَنْهَالُ خَلْدِينَ فِيهَا أَبُدًا قَدْ أَحْسَنَ ٱللَّهُ لَهُ رِزْقًا. (5:11).

Allah has prepared for them a strict torment. So be pious to Allah, O (you) endowed with intellects, (you) who have believed. Allah has already sent down to you a Remembrance. (10). A messenger reciting to you the demonstrably evident āyāt of Allah, that He may bring the ones who have believed and done deeds of righteousness out of the darknesses into the Light. And whoever believes in Allah and does righteousness. He will cause him to enter gardens from beneath which rivers run, eternally (abiding) therein forever. Allah has already most fairly made for him (his) provision. (Ghālī, 65:11).

According to At-Tabary (2001, p.76), some exegetes state that the underlined word 'thikran' in the verse above means 'the Prophet' (PBUH). if so, that term occupies the highest degree of concentration. The meaning will be 'Allah has sent a constant remembrance for you. So, the prophet (PBUH) says 'the miser is the one who does not pray for me whenever I am mentioned at his presence'. (An-Nawawy, 2000, p. 490). Such hadīth and many others buttress the interpretation that 'thikran' means the prophet (PBUH).

Table (16): Graduation of Concentration: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
سهو	Oversight		وعات مختلفة	الانشغال بموض	Unintentional	omission
تشتت	Distraction				Mental disturb	oance
					Divided attent	ion

Table (17): Graduation of Concentration: Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic	Infused	English	Infused	Arabic	English Separate Forms
Forms		Forms		Separate Forms	
	غفلة	Heedlessness	S	غيبة الشيء عن البال	Lack of attentiveness
				_	Partial loss of memory
					·

Table (18): Graduation of Concentration: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Tubic (10)1 Gruuuution on			2114 11114	asea una sepu	1 1110	
Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
نسيان	Forgetfulness			فقدان الذاكرة	Memory loss	3
	Amnesia			فقدان كل للذاكرة	total loss of 1	memory
						_

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The Verbal Process 'Believe'

Table (19): Graduation of 'Believe': High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
و قن				یسلم ب	Perceive v	vith certainty
بذع <i>ن</i>					Be certain	of
				يصدق بـ	Be convin	ced of
				يسلم بـ	Make sure	of
					Believe fii	mly in
						-

Faith is the high end in the scale of belief. So, God instructs us to believe firmly in Him. There is no room for doubt because it contradicts the basics of faith. Accordingly, it is inaccurate to interpret 'zanna' in terms of 'conjecture' and 'surmise' in the verse that reads '... the ones who think that they will meet their God and to Him they shall return'. (2:46). (Translation is Mine). A true interpretation has nothing to do with faith. It has to do with being polite with God. The verse defines the relation between God and man. It teaches man that he has not the right to impose anything upon God. So, entering Paradise is in the hands of God. The prophet (PBUH) teaches us the principle of politeness when he says, 'Strive for accuracy and perfection when it comes to good deeds". If not, attempt to stick to these good deeds and be optimistic. Verily, no one will enter the Paradise by his good deeds. They (the companions of the prophet) say, 'not even you, O Messenger of Allah? He said: 'not even me, unless Allah encompasses me with His mercy. And know that the most beloved deed to Allah is that which is done regularly, even if it is little. (Muslim, 2006, p. 1296).

Table (20): Graduation of 'Believe': Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
يخال	Deem		جيح/اليقين	يدرك مع التر		
يظن	consider			في تردد		
يعتقد	Assume				Become	
يتحير	Think				confused/per	rplexed
يتردد	Hesitate					
يحار						

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Table (21): Graduation of 'Believe': Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
يشك	Doubt			تكلم حسب الظن	Entertain	doubts about
يتوهم	Fancy					
يخمن	Surmise					
يرتاب	Mistrust					
	Misdoubt					

Table (22): Graduation of 'Believe': Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms	-	Forms	•
بنكر	Deny			کفر بـ	Become a	n atheist
يشرك	Disbelieve			عدل عن	Have no b	pelief in
يلحد	Apostatize					
کفر						
جحد						

Therefore, the belief in Allah occupies the highest end in the scale of belief. There is no place for any other end when it comes to belief in Allah. In the same vein, belief can be graduated in the following way as in the table below.

Table (23): Graduation of Faith.

Scale	Arabic Infuse	d Form English Infused	Arabic Separate	English Separate
		Form	Form	Form
High	إيمان	Faith		Firm belief in God
Mid	نفاق	Hypocrisy		False profession of
				faith
Low	كفر	Atheism		Denial of the existence
				of God

• Tranquility

Table (24): Graduation of Tranquillity: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
طمأنينة	Tranquillity			صلاح البال	Peace of mind	
أمن	Reassurance				Mental	
سكينة	Repose			خالي البالي	calmness/com	posedness
سلام	Peace			طمأنينة القلب	Freedom from -	worry

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Table (25): Graduation of Tranquillity: Mid End Infused and Separate forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused Arabic	Separate Er	nglish Separate
	Forms	Forms	Fo	orms
			Wمشغول البال	orrisome

Table (26): Graduation of Tranquility: Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused Arabic	Separate English	Separate
	Forms	Forms	Forms	
Worryingly			In a manneفي حالة قلق	r to cause
			worry	

Table (27): Graduation of Tranquillity: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separa	teEnglish	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
رتعش	Tremble			ر خوفا	Shake out اهتا	of fear
رتجف	Shiver					

• Another Way for Graduating Concentration

Table (28): Graduation of Concentration: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English Separat
	Forms		Forms		Forms
	Listen			استمع بانتباه	Give one's ear to
أصغى	Hearken			سمع رهيف	Pay attention to
أصاخ					Listen
					attentively/carefully
					with great interest
					give heed
				كلي آذان صاغية	be all ears

There are a lot of expressions for conveying the high end via separate forms. This can be realized metaphorically as in the table above.

Table (29): Graduation of Concentration: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Tubic (2) i Graduution of	Concentra	ttion: mila	and initus	ca ana sepai	ate I of in	150
Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
عبس	Avoid			انشغل عن	Be/get abs	sorbed in
أعرض					Be engage	ed in
					Keep awa	y from

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It happens that a delegation visits the Prophet (PBUH) in his mosque, so he gets engaged in inviting them to Islam. Being fully engaged with the delegation, the Prophet could not answer his companion, Abdullah ibn Um Maktūm. His action occupies the mid end of the scale of attention. Therefore, the Quran directs him to be fully attentive to his companion (May Allah be pleased with him). This view is buttressed by mentioning the verbal process 'tasadda' (pay attendance to somebody) which is mentioned later in the same verse. In a nutshell, the Prophet pays attendance to a delegation of the disbelievers inviting them to Islam. So, the Prophet (PBUH) could not pay attention to Abdullah Ibn Um Maktūm because he was engaging in a conversation with the disbelievers. Therefore, the Prophet (PBUH) never frowns at anybody.

Table (30): Graduation of Concentration: Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
				سمع ثقيل	Hard of h	earing
				ضبعف السمع	Hearing-i	mpaired

Table (31): Graduation of Concentration: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Tubic (C1): Graduation of	tuble (01). Graduation of Concentration, Zero End infused and Separate 1 or mis-								
Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate			
	Forms		Forms		Forms				
أصم	Deaf			ما يستطيع السمع	Totally/pa	artially deaf			
أطرش					Heedless	of			
					Unmindfi	ıl of			

• Some Forms of Emotions

Hatred

A speaker or writer can express different degrees of the attitudinal positioning of hatred towards someone or something. The scale of intensification ranges from a zero end to a high end.

Table (32): Graduation of Hatred: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

High end							
Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate	
	Forms		Forms		Forms		
بغضاء	abomination			کرہ شدید	intense/bitter hatred		
مقت	abhorrence			أشد كر ها	strong animosity		
تقزز	disgust				profound dis	like	

The high-end separate forms can be graduated via the scale of quantification as in "deep hatred". Also, it can be graduated via the degree of sweetness as in 'bitter hatred'.

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Table (33): Graduation of Hatred: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
انقباض	Anxiety			ضيق في الصدر	mild dislike	
عوف	Aversion					
	distaste					
	Annoyance					

Table (34): Graduation of Hatred: Low end Infused and Separate Forms

Arabic	Infused English	Infused Arabic	Separate	English Separate Forms
Forms	Forms	Forms		
	Apanthropاعتزال	by	تمنع عن	An aversion to the company of men
	seclusionاجتناب		امتنع عن	A love of solitude
	avoidance	;	كف عن	Keeping away from
			تخلی عن	

Table (35): Graduation of Hatred: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Table (33). Graduation of Hatred. Zero End infused and Separate Pornis.								
Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separ	ate	
	Forms		Forms		Forms			
مودة		Amity			Deep love			
حب	Love			أحب بشدة	heart is	attached	to	
				تعلق القلب بـ	somebody		or	
				محبة ووئام	something			
					love and ha	armony.		
						-		
عشق	Adoration				A	stro	ong	
	fondness				liking/affe	ction		
					_			

In the same vein, the zero end can be realized by means of quantification as 'love deeply'. It is inaccurate to group the nominal forms 'al-kurh' (hatred), 'al-'irād' (foregoing/excusing) and 'at-tark' (forsaking/refraining) under the heading of 'synonyms of hatred'. Almaany (n.d.) groups these items together under the heading of the synonyms of hatred. It is incorrect to do so because the latter two words may have a positive attitude depending on the context. For example, the use of 'taraka' and 'a'rada' in the verses below has positive attitudinal positioning. The first verse reads:

Take to clemency, and command benevolence, and veer away from the ignorant. (Ghāl \bar{i} , 7:199). The second verse reads:

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وَلِكُلٍّ جَعَلْنَا مَوَالِيَ مِمَّا <u>تَرَكَ</u> الْوَالِدَانِ وَالْأَقْرَبُونَ ۚ وَالَّذِينَ عَقَدَتْ أَيْمَانُكُمْ فَآتُوهُمْ نَصِيبَهُمْ ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ شَهِيدًا.

4:33)

And to everyone We have made patronized relatives of that property which parents and nearest-kin have left, and the ones with whom you contracted oaths, so bring them their assignment by will; surely Allah has been Ever-Witnessing over everything. (Ghālī, Ali, 4:33).

So, both forms do not have a negative meaning depending on the context. Every word may have a positive, negative or neutral vibe. The forms above have no revenge frame. Also, the nominal phrase 'al-hajr' has a positive meaning as in the verse that reads:

And endure patiently what they say, and forsake them with a becoming forsaking. (Ghālī,73:10).

Also, a zero end of the scale can be realized by the negative form 'la yuhibbu' (does not like) as in the verse that reads:

Say, "Obey Allah and His Messenger. Yet in case they turn away, then surely Allah does not love the disbelievers. (Ghāl \bar{i} , 3:32).

Love Table (36): Graduation of Love: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English Se	parate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
عشق	Adoration			حب شدید	Ardent love	
غرام	Passion			حب بجنون	Undying love	
ولع	fondness			شدة الحب	Passionate love	
هيام				شدة التعلق	A strong attachn	nent
					Mad Love	

Grammatically, separate forms can be realized by the cognate object as in:

وَتُحِبُّونَ الْمَالَ حُبًّا جَمًّا. (الفجر:20).

Table (37): Graduation of Love: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Arabic Separate Forms	English Separate
	Infused Forms		Forms
ملق	affection		Get attached to
یل	∡attachment		Gentle feeling of love for somebody
نارب	closeness		Near/close in relationship

The mid end is realized via the form of nearness which is one of the forms of quantification. Above all, the form 'al-wajd' occupies the mid end of the scale in mysticism.

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Table (38): Graduation of Love: Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms	Forms		Forms	
احتياج	Need		افتقر إلى	be short of	
				be lacking	

Table (39): Graduation of Love: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Tubit (e)). Simulation of 20 to 2010 2010 2010 to 2010 2010 to 2010 2010 2010 2010 2010 2010 2010 201						
Arabic Infused Forms	English Infu	ısed Arabic	Separate	English Separate		
	Forms	Forms		Forms		
	Grudge		عداوة شديدة	Bitter enmity		
کراهی ة	Abhorrence		بغض شديد	Fierce enmity		
مقت	Detestation			Intense Dislike		
	Detest			Dislike intensely		

Happiness

Table (40): Graduation of Happiness: High End Infused and Isolated Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms
مسرة	Delight				Great pleasure
ابتهاج	Joy			فرحة غامرة	Overwhelming joy
					Intense happiness
فرحة	Happiness				
سرور	Cheerfulness			فاض سرورا	Supreme well-being
					and good spirits
بهجة	Buoyancy				Great merriment
حبور	Enjoyment				Like a dog with two
جذل	Hilarity				tails

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Table (41): Graduation of Happiness: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separat
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
نناعة	Contentment				Happiness	with one'
					situation in	life
لضا	Satisfaction				Fulfilling oneed, or ex	one's desired
						-

Table (42): Graduation of Happiness: Low End Infused and Separate forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
وجوم	Despondency		ح المعنوية جراء	انخفاض الروح	Without hope	;
	Despondence			فقدان الأمل	low spirits fro	om loss of
					hope or coura	ige
	dejection			والشجاعة	depression (of spirits
	heartsickness				from loss of h	ope
						•
	desperate				profound hop	elessness
	forlornness				. 1	

Table (43): Graduation of Happiness: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Table (43). Graduation of Happiness. Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.						
Arabic Infused Forms	English Infused	Arabic	Separate	English Separate		
	Forms	Forms		Forms		
بتئاس	Grief		حزن وغم	Sadness and distress		
كآبة	Melancholy		انكسار النفس	Depression of the		
				spirits		
نعاسة	melancholiness		سوء الحال	Intense unhappiness		
	Misery			In a deplorable state of		
	Sullenness			distress		
	Gloom					

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Satisfaction

Table (44): Graduation of Satisfaction: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separ	ate
	Forms		Forms		Forms		
ارتياح	Satisfaction			الشعور بالرضا	Pleasant feel	ing	
انشراح	Cheerfulness			طلاقة الوجه	Very energ	getic a	and
					happy		
تهلل	Exuberance			تلألأ فرحا	Joyful enthus	siasm	
تفاؤل	Optimism			استبشر خيرا	Hopefulness	about	the
					future		

Table (45): Graduation of Satisfaction: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms	_	Forms	
انقراء:	Apprehension		1	التخوف من حدو	Foor that	comothing
العباعل	Apprenension		ِت شيء ها.		unpleasant/l happen	_
و جس	Premonition				A sense tha	t something
	presentiment				is about to o	occur

Table (46): Graduation of Satisfaction: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English Infu	sed Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms	Forms		Forms	
انزعاج	Concern		في وضع قلق	In a state of	anxiety
قلق	worry	واصل	تململ عقلي مت	Persistent uneasiness	mental

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• Sadness

Table (47): Graduation of Sadness: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
غم	Distress			شدة الحزن	Extreme a	anxiety
					Deep dist	ress
أسف	Sorrow			شدة الغم	Deep mer	ntal anguish
					Intense so	orrow
	Grief			وجع عقلي مبرح	Severe	
حسرة	Anguish		بسدي شديد	عذاب نفسي/ألم ح	mental/ph	ysical pain
غصة	heartbreak				(these ter	ms are used
لوعة					metaphor	ically to
					indicate	continuous
					sadness,	anxiety, and
					pain as a	lump did in
					the throat).

Table (48): Graduation of Sadness: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

	English Infused	•	
			Forms
تعب	Fatigue	صابة بمشقة	
غصة	tiredness	3	

Table (49): Graduation of Sadness: Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

	Table (49). Graduation of	Bauness. Lu	w Enu n	nuscu and	u Beparate F	01 1115•	
ļ	Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
		Forms		Forms		Forms	
	هم	Concern			شغل البال		
	تململ	uneasiness					

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Table (50): Graduation of Sadness: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
<u> </u>	Exuberance			تلألأ الوجه	One's eyes	sparkled
					with exciteme	ent
سرور	Merriment				High-spirited	fun and
					enjoyment	

• Anger

Table (51): Graduation of Anger: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separ	ate
	Forms		Forms		Forms		
غضب	Anger				A strong	feeling	of
					displeasur	e	
احتدام	Outrage		لبا	الغضب وعدم الرخ	Profound i	indignatio	n
					Anger & d	lissatisfact	tion
غيظ	Ire			شدة الغيظ	Intense	irritation	&
					frustration		
سخط	indignation						
حنق	exasperation			الاستشاطة غيظا	Burning w	ith anger	
احتدام	rage			اشتد غيظه	Violent an	ger	

Table (52): Graduation of Anger: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
هتاج	Agitated				Respond to	
				انفعل بـ	Act in respor	ise to
					Get excited	
				أثار الأمر مشاعره	Be moved	
					Be affected	
					Be touched	

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Table (53): Graduation of Anger: Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
امتعض	Miffed			اغتم لـ/شق عليه	Somewhat	annoyed
مل	Peeve			تبرم بـ	Fed up with	h
				ضجر منـ	Be bored w	vith
					be sick of	

Table (54): Graduation of Anger: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Tuble (e i)t Gluduution of	a peparate 1 or	11100				
Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
حلم	Forbearance			سكون عند الغضب	Restraint in	the face of
	Self-control				provocation	

Almaany online dictionary equates 'al-ghadab' with 'al-'abas'. This view is not right because the latter has a less negative connotation than the former. Therefore, they do not have the same degree of bad vibes. The verbal process 'abas' conveys the meaning of dissatisfaction with someone's behavior. It may be due to getting busy with something else as in the verse above. Thus, how can we equate 'al-'abas with 'al-ghadab when the two forms are entirely different? The Prophet (PBUH) himself advised the believers to get away from anger. Accordingly, it is not right to attribute any form of anger to him.

Fear Table (55): Graduation of Fear: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms
و جل	Panic			خوف شديد	Overwhelming fear
فزع	Terror				Intense fear
روع	tremor				
هلع۔					Involuntary movement
رعشة					out of fear

Table (56): Graduation of Fear: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
حذر				منتبه لـ	Careful for	rethought
					Close vigilance	
					Anticipate with worry	

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Table (57): Graduation of Fear: Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
رتياح	Relief			رضا النفس	Easing of	anxiety
طمأنينة	Comfort			راحة البال	Free from	worries

Ordinary Lexical Forms

Table (58): Graduation of Richness: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

		intused and Separate 1 orms.				
Arabic Infused Forms	English Infused	Arabic Separate	English Separate			
	Forms	Forms	Forms			
<i>ثري</i>	Rich		Having a great deal of			
غني	Wealthy affluent	ذو مال وسعة	money & assets			
موسر	Opulent	ميسور العيش	Well off			
منعم		من يعيش في بحبوحة عيش	Well-to-do			
مترف		, and the second	Live a life of luxury			

Table (59): Graduation of Richness: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English Forms	Infused	Arabic Forms	Separate	English Forms	Separate
عفاف	Subsistence			قدر الحاجة	Hand-to-m	nouth

Table (60): Graduation of Richness: Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	s]	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
		Forms		Forms		Forms	
	عسر	Privation		يات الحياة	عدم توفر ضرور	Lack of th	ne necessities
	ضيق				فقر مدقع	of life	
						Abject por	verty
						Extreme p	overty

Table (61): Graduation of Richness: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms
مفلس	Penniless			لا يملك فلسا/مليما	Have no money
مسكين	Destitute			فقير للغاية	Extremely poor
					Very poor

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	Completely
	impoverished

Spending

Table (62): Graduation of Spending: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Tubic (02): Graduution of	~Penungi iii	5		z ~ cpuz utc	2 0 1 11150		
Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separ	ate
	Forms		Forms		Forms		
إسراف	Extravagance		ي الإنفاق	مجاوزة الحد فم	Wasteful sp	ending	
تبذير	Profligacy		باء	صرف المال ه	Excessive	outlay	of
					money		

Table (63): Graduation of Generosity: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separ	ate
	Forms		Forms		Forms		
توفير	Thrift			اقتصىاد في الانفاق	Wisely eco	onomical	
قتصاد	Economy			عدم التبذير	A red	uction	in
ادخار	Saving				expenditui	re/cost	

Table (64): Graduation of Generosity: Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
-	_		ı		_	

Table (65): Graduation of Generosity: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English Separa
	Forms		Forms		Forms
بخل	Meanness			ضيق ذات اليد	be badly off
إقتار	Stinginess			تضييق في النفقة	Spending reluctantly
	Niggardliness				Penny in spending an
الضنة					giving

Erudition

Table (66): Graduation of Erudition: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English Infused Forms	Arabic Separate Forms	English Separate Forms
مام	Authoritative	واسع الاطلاع طويل الباع	Highly reliable
	Expert		Demonstrating
ثقة	Trustworthy		knowledge of a certain
سند	well-versed		subject
عماد	learned-well		·

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informed- widely knowledgeable long- skilled erudite
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Table (67): Graduation of Erudition: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English Infused	Arabic Separate	English Separate
	Forms	Forms	Forms
سطحي	Shallow-minded	ليل المعرفة	Lacking
ضحل	Ill-informed	محدود المعرفة	mental/intellectual
	Ill-educated		depth
	Superficial		

Table (68): Graduation of Erudition: Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms
غبي	Dolt			ضعيف الفهم	A stupid person
غر	Imbecile				
فدم	Idiot				

Even in psychology, the term 'imbecile' refers to a person that is of low intelligence with intelligence quotient twenty-five to fifty according to the Free dictionary.

Table (69): Graduation of Erudition: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms
جاهل	Ignorant			عديم المعرفة	Lacking
أمي	Illiterate			غير متعلم	education/knowledge
	unschooled				Not educated
					Without education

Forms of Behavior

Table (70): Graduation of Abusiveness: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
وقاحة	Impudence			سلاطة اللسان	Very rude	
بذاءة	vulgarity				Sharp-tongue	ed
فحش	obscenity					
خلاعة	licentiousness					

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Table (71): Graduation of Abusiveness: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused Arabic	Separate English	Separate
	Forms	Forms	Forms	
-	-	-	-	

Table (72): Graduation of Abusiveness: Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused Arabic	Separate English	Separate
	Forms	Forms	Forms	
			Tongue inمتصنع في كلامه	cheek

Table (73): Graduation of Abusiveness: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
مؤدب	Polite			عفيف اللسان	Observing	accepted
	Classy			ابن ناس	social usages	
	Civil					

Hotness

Table (74): Graduation of Hotness: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Tubic (11)1 Graduation o		8				
Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
ار	Hot		تفعة	درجة حرارة مر	High tempo	erature
ئظ	Burning		حرارة	أشد أيام الصيف	Intense hea	ıt
اخن	-canicular				Scorchingl	y hot
					The dog da	lys

Table (75): Graduation of Hotness: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

- 1	()						
	Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English S	Separate
		Forms		Forms		Forms	
	معتدل	Temperate		٦	ما بين الحار والبار	Moderate temp	perature
	دافئ	Warm				Exposed to sur	nlight
	مشمس	Sunny			معرض للشمس		

Table (76): Graduation of Hotness: Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

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Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused Arabic	e Separate Englis	sh Separate
	Forms	Forms	Form	S
-	_	-	_	

Table (77): Graduation of Hotness: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

	English Forms	Infused	Arabic Forms	Separate	English Forms	Separate
بارد	Cold			ليس حار ا	Not hot	
قار	Cool					

• The Senses

Table (78): Graduation of Sight: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
بطالع	See			يطيل النظر	Look/read	carefully
يعاين	Scrutinize			يديم النظر في	Look close	ely at
یرمق				يمعن النظر		
برنو				يدقق النظر		
فحص	Examine			ينظر ويتبع النظر يحدق في	stare at	
				يحدق في		

Table (79): Graduation of Sight: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms
يبصر	Observe			صرف وجهه إليه	Pay attention to
يلاحظ				التفت إلى	Catch sight of
					_

Table (80): Graduation of Sight: Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused A	Arabic	Separate	English Se	eparate
	Forms	F	forms		Forms	
	Beheld			أبصر بنظر خفيف	Glance at	
	Peep			يختلس النظر إليه	Glimpse	
					Look furtively	
					•	

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Table (81): Graduation of Sight: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English Infused	Arabic Separate	English Separate
	Forms	Forms	Forms
كمه	Congenital blindness	عمى خلقي	Without seeing
	Sightless	מיו וביו ו	Go blind.
<i>كني</i> كف	Sightless		Can not see.
			can not see.

Forms of Motion

Motion means moving from one place to another. There is more than one way for graduating the verbs of motion. They can be graduated by an adverb or a circumstantial element. For example, general verbs of motion can be graduated via infused or isolated forms.

Table (82): Graduation of the Verbs of Motion.

Verbs of Motion		Forms of Gra	Forms of Graduation				
Arabic	English	Arabic	English				
	Cameجاء		Runningمسر عا				
	Cameجاء		runningیسعی				
	Cameجاء		Jogging/trotting مهرولا				

The table above shows that the verbs of motion can be graduated via different forms. It can be graduated via a circumstantial element or another verbal process of motion. As for the nominal

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phrases of motion, they can be graduated via quality forms such as 'slow movement' and 'swift movement'.

Domain of Walk

Table (83): Graduation of Walk: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English Sep	arate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
هرع	Hurry			سار مسرعا	Move with speed/	haste
<i>جری</i>	Rush			أسرع في سيره	Move swiftly	
فر	Run				Walk quickly	
	Run away				walk at a steady g	gentle
					space	

Table (84): Graduation of Walk: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
يهرول	Trot		برة	خطى سريعة قصي	a moderate	pace with
یرمل			دو	ما بين المشي والع	short steps	
					_	

Table (85): Graduation of Walk: Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

Table (00). Graduation	ii oi waik. Low End iniu	seu anu separate rorn	15.
Arabic Infused Forms	English Infused Forms	Arabic Separate Forms	English Separate Forms
	Walkپمشی	سار رویدا	Walk step by step
	يسيرStep	قارب الخطى	Move slowly/move at a
ی	Saunter يخط		jog trot
	Stroll درج		
	jog		

Table (86): Graduation of Walk: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic	Arabic Infused English Infused Arabic Separate English Separate Forms							
Forms	Forms	Forms						
حبا/زحف	Creep	یسیر علی یدیه ورکبتیه	Move on hands and knees /					
	Crawl		move with the body close to the ground					
-			drag the body along the ground					

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Rain

Table (87): Graduation of Rain: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English Infus	ed Arabic	Separate	English	1	Sepa	arate
	Forms	Forms	-	Forms		-	
أمطرت	Rained	اقطه من	قطرات میاه متس	Water	falls	in (drops
			السحاب	from th	e cloud	ds	
بغرت	Poured		مطر شدید	Heavy 1	rain		
و ابل	Downpour		أمطرت بغزارة	Heavy 1	fall of	rain	
			أمطرت بكثرة	Heavy 1	rain		
		درارا	أمطرت مطرا مد				
سيل	Inundation			Overwh	nelmin	g	
طوفان	Flood			flow/fal	11		
	Floodwater						

The isolated forms fall under gradeability by quantification which are discussed in another paper.

Table (88): Graduation of Rain: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
غثت	Drizzle			مطر خفیف	Rain in fir	ne drops
بغشت					Rain very	lightly
رذاذ	Sprinkle				Scatter in	drops
طل					Light rain	_

Also, Arabic forms in the table above fall under graduation by quantification while English uses the form 'fine' which falls under graduation by intensification.

Table (89): Graduation of Rain: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

	Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
		Forms		Forms		Forms	
Ī	تصفو	Dispel		الغيوم الغيوم	خلت السماء مز	Cleared up	
	تصحو				انقشعت الغيوم		
	صحو	Cloudless				Free from clo	uds
	صافية						

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'Flow'

Table (90): Graduation of Flow: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

	-					
Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
انصب	Poured out			سال في قوة	Stream cor	tinuously
انهمر	Gushed out			انبعث سائلا	Flow forth	suddenly in
ينبجس	Exploded				great volur	ne
ينفجر	-				Flow over	the top/brim
	Overflow					-
يفيض						

Table (91): Graduation of Flow: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused Aral	oic Separ	ateEnglish	Separate
	Forms	Forr	ns	Forms	
اندلق	Spilled		ب دفعة واحدة	Flow outwانسک	vard

Table (92): Graduation of Flow: Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
يرشح	Leak			انساب قطرة قطرة	Flow drop t	oy drop
بض	Ooze out				Release in s	small drops
یسیل	Exudate					
	Exude					

The isolated forms in Arabic consist of an intensified form which is qualified by a quantified form.

Table (93): Graduation of Flow: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English Separa
	Forms		Forms		Forms
وقف	Drain				Completely dry
ينضب	Dry up				
يحتبس					
جف					

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Move

Table (94): Graduation of Move: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms	Forms		Forms	
يقفز	Hop a ditch two			feet wide	
ينط	Jump				
یثب	-				

Table (95): Graduation of Move: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

10010 (> e) (112010112	ia Bha imasta ana st	purute r or m		
Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms	Forms]	Forms	
همد			لم يتحرك	Be motionl	less
سكن				Have /mak	e no motion

Table (96): Graduation of Move: Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English I	nfused <mark>Arabic</mark>	Separate	English S	Separate
	Forms	Forms		Forms	
حبو	Creep	على يديه وبطنه	يزحف	Move slowly	on the
يدب	Crawl			hands and knee	es

Table (97): Graduation of Move: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
يمثني	Walk			تحرك على قدميه	Move with	the feet
يخطو	Toddle					
يتزه	Stroll					

Graduation with Reference to Vigor

Up/down scaling can be realized by reference to the notion of vigor. Vigor is a matter of speed, physical force, illumination, consciousness, spreading, and volume of sound. Scaling according to vigor can be realized via isolated and infused lexical items.

Obliteration

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Table (98): Graduation of Obliteration: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
سح	Erase			يحجب معالم الشيء		
لمس	Obliterate			بالغ في محوّه	Wipe out	
حو	يم					
ستتر	ای					

Table (99): Graduation of Obliteration: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
-	_		_		-	

Table (100): Graduation of Obliteration: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English Separa	ate
	Forms		Forms	_	Forms	
ظهر	Reveal			يرفع الحجاب عن	Lift the lid on	
بين	Show				Become	
ظهر	emerge				evident/visible	
يرز					Come into view	

Wetness

Table (101): Graduation of Wetness: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
يبتل	Wet			يتشرب بالماء	Get damp	ened get
يخضل	Dampened				dabbled	
يندى	-					
يتبلل						

Table (102): Graduation of Wetness: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Table (102). Graduation of wetness, who End infused and Separate Forms.					
	Arabic Infused Forms	English Infused	dArabic	Separate	English Separate
		Forms	Forms		Forms
	رَطْب	Moist		أصابه الندى	Be slightly wet
	يُرَطِّب	Moisten			Containing a high
		Humid			amount of water/vapor

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Table (103): Graduation of Wetness: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English Infused	Arabic Separate	English Separate
	Forms	Forms	Forms
جاف	Dry	يخلو من الماء	Dry up
ناشف	Wither		loss of moisture
يابس	Arid		Lacking moisture
قاحل			

Announcement

Table (104): Graduation of Announcement: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Table (104): Graduation of	oi Announcen	nent: mig	յո Եոս ու	nuseu anu se	parate ror	1115.
Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
يعلن	Announce			يدلى بقوله	Made a sta	tement
يشهر	Advertise			يعرب عن أقواله	Express on	e's view
يذيع	Broadcast					
يصرح	Declare					
يفصىح	Proclaim					
يعلن	Promulgate					
يذيع	publish					
ينشر						

Table (105): Graduation of Announcement: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English I	nfused Arabic	Separate	English Separate
111010 1111000 1 011110	Forms	Forms	_	Forms
مح	Allude to	لم يذكر صراحة		Indicate indirectly
ِ عز	Mention			Indirect/covert
	Hint			reference
	Intimate			
	Hint at			
	Touch on			
	Allusion			

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Table (106): Graduation of Announcement: Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
يسرب	Leak			بأمره خفية	disclose	without
	Disclose to				authorization	or
					official sanction	on.

Table (107): Graduation of Announcement: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Table (107). Graduation (1 minouncement.	Zero Ena inius	ca ana sej	our acc r or m	190
Arabic Infused Forms	English Info	ısed Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms	Forms		Forms	
يضمر	Conceal	تحدثه به نفسه		Keep secret	
يسر	Hide			Keep a feel	ling inside
یکن				oneself	
يضمر	Bottled up			Hide a secre	t
يخفى				Repressing	feelings
				over time	

Volume of Sound: Saying

Table (108): Graduation of Saying: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
قول	Say		موعا	يصدر صوتا مسه	Utter aloud	
يتكلم	speak			ومفهوما		
يتفوه	pronounce					
تحدث	talk					
ينطق	utter					
يتلفظ	Articulate					

Table (109): Graduation of Saying: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English S	eparate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
يو شو ش	Whisper			صوت خافت	Muffled voice	
يهمس	Susurrate				Say secretly/pri	ivately

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Table (110): Graduation of Saying: Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English Infus	ed Arabic	Separate	English Se	parate
	Forms	Forms		Forms	
یکتم	Conceal		أسر في نفسه	Keep to oneself	
يسر	Hide			Refrain	from
				communicating	with
				others	

Table (111): Graduation of Saying: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
يصمت					Be silent	
يسكت				انقطع عن الكلام	Stop talking	
					Keep quiet	
					Hush one's n	nouth
					Hold one's to	ongue

Volume of Sound: Crying

Table (112): Graduation of Crying: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Tuble (112) Column of Clying Ingliand Industry and Sopular Forms								
Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate		
	Forms		Forms		Forms			
يصرخ	Cry			يصيح بشدة	Utter	inarticulate		
يهتف	Shout			يصيح مادا صوته	sounds			
					Utter a loud	ler cry		

Table (113): Graduation of Crying: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
يهمس	Whisper			بتكلم بصوت خفي	Speak in	a low voice
<u>يو</u> شوش	Susurrate				_	

Table (114): Graduation of Crying: Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

Table (114). Graduation (Table (114). Graduation of Crying. Low End infused and Separate Forms.									
Arabic Infused Forms	English I	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English		Separate			
	Forms		Forms		Forms					
يتمتم	Murmur		غير مفهومة	يتكلم بكلمات	Say in	an	indistinct			
يمغمغ	Mumble				voice					
يجمجم					Say indis	tinct	ly			

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Table (115): Graduation of Crying: Zero Ends Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English		Sep	arate
	Forms		Forms		Forms			
يصيح	Shout			يتكلم بصوت مرتفع	Speak	with	a	loud
يصرخ	Cry				voice			

Laughing

Table (116): Graduation of Laughing: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
قهقه	Giggle		بال	يضحك بصوت ع	Dying horse	laughter
ضحك	4					

Table (117): Graduation of Laughing: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English Forms	Infused Arabic Forms	SeparateEnglish Forms	Separate
بتسم	Smile		يضحك دون صو	

Table (118): Graduation of Laughing: Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

A	Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
		Forms		Forms		Forms	
	هش <i></i>	Cheerful		Good-l	numoured	منبسط الوجه	
				Good-	tempered		
				Bri	ght-faced		
					-		

Table (119): Graduation of Laughing: Zero Ends Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English Sepa	rate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
متجهم	Gloomy			مقطب الوجه	Suddenly ill-tempe	red
مكفهر	surly					

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Spreading

Table (120): Graduation of Spreading: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
جائحة	Pandemic		نطاق واسع	تفشي مرض على	prevalent	over a whole
اجتياح					country of	r the world
(في جميع العالم)					widesprea	d disease
					_	

Table (121): Graduation of Spreading: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Sepa	arate
	Forms		Forms		Forms		
وباء	Epidemic		في منطقة معينة	انتشار مرض	occurring	widely	in a
					communit	y at	a
			ر	مرض موسمي	particular	time.	
					A	widesp	pread
					occurrence	e of dise	ase

Table (122): Graduation of Spreading: Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms			Arabic		English Separate Forms
	Forms		Forms	•	
و عكة	Ailment			فتور في البدن	Mild illness
وصب	Fatigue				Temporary illness -
	Disorder				physical weakness
	Upset				A
	(Everyone	gets			condition of indigestion
	stomach upsets	from			
	time to time).				
	pip				
					minor nonspecific illness

Table (123): Graduation of Spreading: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

A	rabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
		Forms		Forms		Forms	
	معافاة	Recovery			برء من مرض	a return to	a healthy
	شفاء	Healing				condition	
		_					

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Clarity

Table (124): Graduation of Clarity: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
واضبح	Visible				Easily seen	
جلي	Evident					
بين	Obvious					

Table (125): Graduation of Clarity: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

1	Tuble (126). Graduiton of Glarity, filla End Inflused and Separate Forms.						
	Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
		Forms		Forms		Forms	
	التبس	Equivocal		معنيان متضادان	لهه	seeming to	have
	اختلط	muddled				two opposin	g meanings,
	أشكل	Ambiguous					
	اشتبه						
	متباين						

Table (126): Graduation of Clarity: Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English Infused	Arabic Separate	English Separate
	Forms	Forms	Forms
غامض	Equivocal	غير واضح	is not clear
مبهم	Ambiguous	صعب إدراكه	open to more than one
ملتبس			interpretation
	Incomprehensible		difficult to comprehend

Table (127): Graduation of Clarity: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
اختفى	Disappear		فص ملح وداب		Vanish into t	hin air
خفى	Vanish		_			
-						

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Illumination

Table (128): Graduation of Illumination: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
ضيء	Illuminate			يرسل نورا	Brighten with	light
يلمع	Shine				Emit light	
یشع	Radiate					

Table (129): Graduation of Illumination: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English Forms	Infused	Arabic Forms	Separate	English Forms	Separate
Semi-darkness				ما بين العتمة والنو	_ 0	kness
				ظلام جزئي		

Table (130): Graduation of Illumination: Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English S	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
خفت	Dimmed			ضوء ضعيف	Dim light	
				ضوء خافت	Not bright	
					Waning light	
					Decrease in in	tensity
						·

Table (131): Graduation of Illumination: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
<i>ع</i> قم	Dark			حالك السواد	Pitch black	-
لداجي	١				Very dark	black
ىدلهم					Coal black	
لظلم	9					
امس.	4					

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Patience

Table (132): Graduation of Patience: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Tubic (102): Graduution (1 01 11150				
Arabic Infused Forms	English Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms	Forms		Forms	
جلود	Patient		رابط الجأش	Exhibiting	calm
				endurance of	difficulty
				Not harsh	
صبور	Lenient			Unshakably	calm and
	Imperturbable			collected	

Table (133): Graduation of Patience: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
رزین	Composed				Serenely	self-
حليم	Clement				possessed	

Table (134): Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English Infu	used Arabic	Separate English	Separate
	Forms	Forms	Forms	
_	-	-	-	

Table (135): Graduation of Patience: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
_	Anxiety Impatience			عدم الصبر		

Generosity

Table (136): Graduation of Generosity: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Table (150). Graduation (Table (130). Graduation of Generosity. High End Infused and Separate Porms.							
Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate		
	Forms		Forms		Forms			
کریم	Generous			كثير الضيوف	Giving freely			
جواد	Large							
سخي	Open-handed							
معطاء	Hospitable							
مضياف	_							

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The high-end Separate forms can be realized by the scale of quantification as in the following metonymical forms:

كثير الأيادي- كثير الرماد.

The two expressions above are metaphorically used. Literally, 'kathīr 'al-'ayād' means 'having many hands'. Metaphorically, it could mean very generous. Also, 'kathīr' 'ar-ramād' literally means 'high-ash'. Metaphorically, it means 'hospitable and generous'.

Table (137): Graduation of Generosity: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
مقتصد	Thrifty				Wisely econo	mical
قتصادي	Economical					
حريص						

Table (138): Graduation of Generosity: Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
بخيل	Close-fisted			ضن بما عنده	Unwilling to	spend
شحيح	Miser			محجم عن العطاء	_	_
_	Niggard					
	Tight-fisted					

Table (139): Graduation of Generosity: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
خىنىن	Mean			شديد البخل	Very stingy	
	Miser			نحيح شحيح		
				بخيل أشد البخل		
			<u> </u>			

Severity

Table (140): Graduation of Severity: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Table (140). Graduation of Severity. High End infused and Separate Polins.							
Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate	
	Forms		Forms		Forms		
موجع	Acute			شديد الألم	Extremely se	vere	
مبرح	Painful						
وجيع	Tormenting				Lasting for a	long	
حاد	Grievous				period of time	e	
مزمن	chronic						

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Table (141): Graduation of Severity: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
نقح	Dull			ألم خفيف	Not intensel	ly or
	Mild				keenly felt	

Table (142): Graduation of Severity: Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

A	rabic Infused Forms	English Forms	Infused	Arabic Forms	Separate	English Forms	Separate
-		_		_		-	

Table (143): Graduation of Severity: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused Arabic	Separate English	Separate
	Forms	Forms	Forms	_
-	_	-	_	

Freshness

Table (144): Graduation of Freshness: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms	_	Forms	
عذب	Palatable			سائغ شرابه	Sweat water	
فر ات	Fresh			_		

Table (145): Graduation of Freshness: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused Arabic	Separate English	Separate
	Forms	Forms	Forms	
-	-	-	-	

Table (146): Graduation of Freshness: Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms	Forms		Forms	
-	-	-		_	

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Table (147): Graduation of Freshness: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

	ore (117). Graduation	J1 1 1 0 5 11 11 0 5	or Bero Biro		mira separati	0 1 01 11150	
Ara	bic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
		Forms		Forms		Forms	
	أجاج	Salty		ىرارة	شديد الملوحة والم	Bitter salty	
	مالح	Savoury			ملح زائد	_	
	_				_		

Sweetness

Table (148): Graduation of 'Sweetness': High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Table (110): Graduation of Sweethess: High End Infused and Separate 1 orms.					
Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English Separat
	Forms		Forms		Forms
حلو	Sweat			حلو الطعم	Have a pleasant flavor
طيب	Good			طيب الطعم	having
شهي	Delicious				a pleasingly rich, swee
لذيذ	Tasty				taste.
مستطاب	Luscious				

Table (149): Graduation of Sweetness: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate
	Forms		Forms		Forms	
قبول	Edible			يمكن أكله	Fit to be e	eaten.
	Eatable			يمكن بلعه		

Table (150): Graduation of Sweetness: Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

Table (150). Graduation of Sweetness. Low End Infused and Separate Forms.							
Arabic Infused Forms	English	Infused	Arabic	Separate	English	Separate	
	Forms		Forms		Forms		
	Inedible			لا يؤكل	Not edible		
					Not fit to be	e eaten	
					Not suitable	e to be eaten	

Table (151): Graduation of Sweetness: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English Infused Forms	Arabic Separate Forms	English Separate Forms
ظل	Bitter	ىدىد المرارة	Having unpleasant taste
قم	=		As bitter as gall

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Speed

Table (152): Graduation of Speed: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English Infused	Arabic Separate	English Separate
	Forms	Forms	Forms
سريع	Quick	-	Speedy
	Rapid		motion/progress
	Speedy		
خاطف	Swift	-	-
عاجل	Urgent	يتطلب تدخلا عاجلا	Requiring speedy
مستعجل	Immediate		action
	Prompt		

Table (153): Graduation of Speed: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabia Infused Forms	English Infused Forms	Arabia Sanarata Forma	English Separate Forms
Alabic Illiused Follis	English miused Forms	Arabic Separate Forms	English Separate Forms
يتريث		لم يعجل	Take one's time
متأن	Easygoing	عمل في تؤدة	

Table (154): Graduation of Speed: Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English Infused	Arabic Separate	English Separate
	Forms	Forms	Forms
بطيء	Slow	يستغرق وقتا طويلا	Taking time more than
			is usual or necessary
مماطل	Dilatory		Lack off promptness

Table (155): Graduation of Speed: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	_ ~	-	English Separate Forms
عاجز	Frail		Physically weak

• Physical Power

Table (156): Graduation of Physical Power: High End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English Infused	Arabic Separate	English Separate
	Forms	Forms	Forms
ق <i>و</i> ي	Powerful	ذو قوة	Physically powerful
شدید	Strong	ذو شدة	-

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Table (157): Graduation of Physical Power: Mid End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	English Infused Forms	Arabic Separate Forms	English Separate Forms
_	_	_	-

Table (158): Graduation of Physical Power: Low End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	U		English Separate
	Forms	Forms	Forms
ضعيف	Weak	خائر القوى	Lacking physical
			strength
هش	Fragile	ضعيف البنية	Lacking physical power

Table (159): Graduation of Physical Power: Zero End Infused and Separate Forms.

Arabic Infused Forms	_ 0	_	English Separate Forms
عاجز	Frail		Physically weak

CONCLUSION

The present paper focuses on the linguistic phenomenon of intensification which represents an important semantic relationship. The study unearths the mechanics of gradeability in Arabic. It gets the reader familiar with the terms of the study providing a useful overview of the phenomenon of intensification. Also, it provides a detailed analysis of the grammatical, morphological, and lexical features of intensification. Grammatically, intensification can be realized by relative pronouns and negation. Also, this linguistic phenomenon can be realized via the cognate object. A cognate object is an object which is derived from the verb that precedes it. It can be used for scaling both intensification and quantification. Moreover, some grammatical particles are used for achieving the ends of the scale of gradeability. In addition, cleft structure, fronted pronouns, circumstantial elements, and adverbs of time and frequency are used for intensification. Intensifiers/boosters play a major role in realizing the high end of the scale of gradeability. It is because an intensifier heightens or lowers the intensity of meaning of an item. In traditional English grammar, intensifiers are considered adverbs such as very and hardly to the point. In Arabic, intensifiers are of two kinds: lexical and abstract. Lexical intensifiers can be realized via the repetition of the same form which does have the same meaning. Some Arab grammarians differentiate between lexical intensifiers and repetition. It is a repetition when the lexical form is repeated without having the same meaning. As for abstract intensifiers, they can reflect the three ends of the scale of quantification as for number.

When it comes to morphological forms, intensification can be realized via morphological forms which can be either infused or separate forms. Gemination is one of the morphological forms that play a major role in the scale of intensification. In English, gemination takes the form of doubling

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a consonant sound as in 'dinner, winner, and beginner'. As for Arabic, gemination takes the form of diacritics (عَلَى) such as 'عَلَى ', and 'عَلَى ', and 'عَلَى '. These forms can be romanised into 'sadda' (fend off), 'hajju' (pilgrimage), and 'mu 'allimun' (teacher) respectively. The diacritic refers to doubling the consonant in these forms. In addition, maximization, the mode of 'al-Mubālaghah', occupies the high end of the scale of intensification. It has the function of turning the volume up to the highest possible point, condition, or position. In Arabic, forms of maximization are nominal forms which are derived from verbs referring to the meaning of gerund. They have the function of emphasizing and maximizing the meaning. Furthermore, intensification can be realized by diminutive forms.

At the lexical level, intensification can be realized via a variety of forms such as nominal, verbal, gerund, or infinitive forms. All the forms can be either infused or isolated. The study provides a detailed discussion of these forms in terms of the semantic fields or cognitive domains. The process of analysis focuses on graduating lexical forms of cognition, emotion, motion, and vigor. Under cognition, the study deals with the lexical forms of cognitions which include the nominal forms as well as the verbal ones. Early Arab grammarians tackle the verbs of cognition under the heading "'af'ālul yaqīn" or "zanna wa 'akhawātuha". These verbs fall into three groups with a view to graduating certainty. Group one includes 'alima (know), wajada (find) and ra'a (know for sure). The objective of the group is to convey high certainty. Group two includes zanna (think), hasiba (deem), and khāla (assume). These verbs convey vacillation. Group three includes 'za'ama' (allege). It indicates dubitancy occupying the low end of the scale of certainty. The verbs above convey different degrees of belief: certainty, vacillation, and dubitancy respectively. Therefore, the highest scale of intensity is realized by evidentials such as "see and know". On the contrary, the low scale is conveyed by the verbal process of assumption. As for the forms of emotions, the study provides a detailed graduation of many forms of emotions such as hatred, love and sadness. The study goes further providing an analysis of the lexical forms of motion. So, the paper graduates lexical forms such as walking, moving and jumping. The study concludes with gradeability with reference to vigor. It provides graduation of the forms of speed, physical force, illumination, consciousness, spreading, and volume of sound. In conclusion, the study of the phenomenon of intensification proves important for translators and language learners. Moreover, it helps in understanding the true meaning of the Qur'anic verses. At the social level, it helps in resolving social conflicts and overcoming the state of dichotomy.

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End Notes:

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ⁱ Using the modifier 'tall' for the description of someone can convey a gradual way of thinking.

ii Translation of the forms of maximization depends on the context in which they are used. Also, finding an isolated form for any of the forms mentioned above depends on the selected word. For example, the nominal form *Ar-Rahman* could be translated into '*The All compassionate*'. The quality '*tharthār*' in Arabic could be translated into 'talkative' as an infused form. As for the separate form, it could be rendered into 'much inclined to talk'.

ⁱⁱⁱ The sub-fields of language are not opposed to each other. They can be arranged in a gradual way. Accordingly, morphology is the basis upon which lexis is built. Then, it is grammar that organizes the lexical forms in a correct way to convey meaning.